

# Analog Equalization for Step-Index Polymer Optical Fiber (SI-POF)

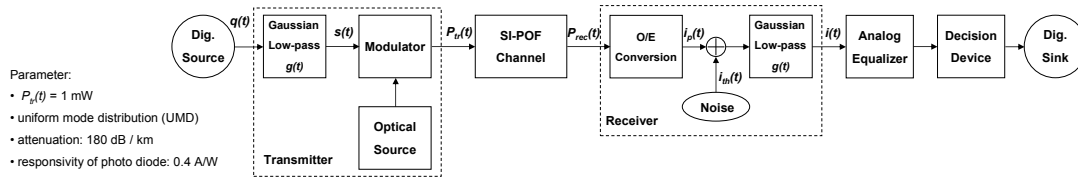
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## 1. SI-POF Transmission System



## 2. Simulation Model for SI-POF

Starting point : time dependant power flow equation (Gloge):

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial z} = -\alpha(\theta)P - z_{\text{eff}}(\theta)\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} + \frac{D}{\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \theta \frac{\partial P}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

mode dependant attenuation      modal dispersion      mode coupling

fourier transform  $\downarrow$

$$P(\theta, z, \omega) = \mathfrak{F}\{P(\theta, z, t)\}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial z} = -(\alpha(\theta) + j\omega\tau_{\text{eff}}(\theta))P + \frac{D}{\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \theta \frac{\partial P}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

mode coupling

$$P(\theta, z + \Delta z, \omega) = \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta z}{L}\right\} \exp\{\Delta z \tilde{N}\} \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta z}{L}\right\} P(\theta, z, \omega)$$

$$P(\theta, z + \Delta z, \omega) = \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta z}{L}\right\} \exp\{\Delta z \tilde{N}\} \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta z}{L}\right\} P(\theta, z, \omega)$$

inverse fourier transform  $\downarrow$

$$P(\theta, z_0, t) = \mathfrak{F}^{-1}\{P(\theta, z_0, \omega)\}$$

impulse response  $\swarrow$        $\searrow$  Power distribution

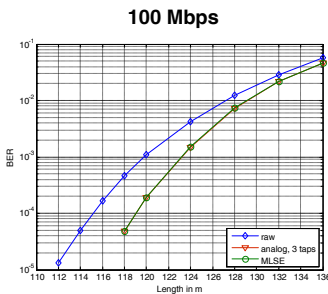
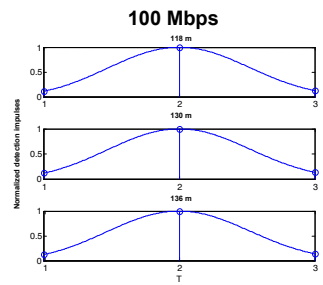
$$h(t) \Big|_{z=z_0} = \int_{\theta=0}^{\theta=\pi} P(\theta, z_0, t) d\theta$$

$$P(\theta) \Big|_{z=z_0} = \int_{t=0}^{t=T} P(\theta, z_0, t) dt$$

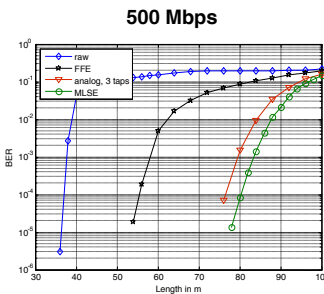
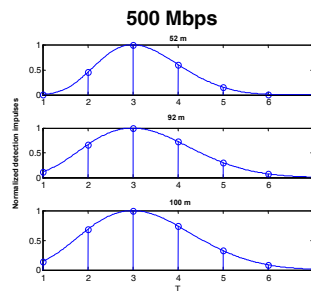
## 3. Analog Equalization

- analog equalizer based on trellis
- up to 10 x smaller, or,
- up to 100 x more power efficient compared to digital equalizer
- processes reliability information
- requires no A/D conversion

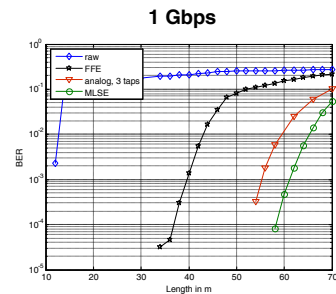
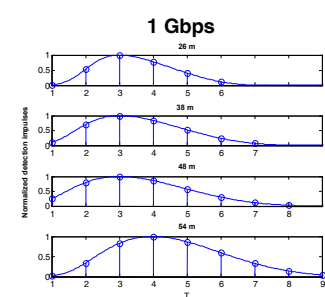
## 4. Simulation Results



- analog equalizer with 4 states
- equivalent to 4 state MLSE equalizer
- only moderate increase of reach (performance is noise limited)



- analog equalizer with 4 states increases reach from 36 m to 74 m
- MLSE equalizer with up to 64 states allows only 4 m more



- analog equalizer with 4 states increases reach from 11 m to 53 m
- MLSE equalizer with up to 256 states allows only 6 m more